



a view
turf

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Quick Reference Guide

Servicing all Hawkesbury, Windsor, Richmond, Hills District, Penrith,, Blacktown, Blue Mountains, Fairfield, Liverpool, Canterbury, Bankstown, Campbelltown, Ryde, Cronulla, Sutherland Shire, Homebush, Strathfield, Balmain, Parramatta, Burwood, Watsons Bay, Double Bay, Vacluse, Chatswood, Castle Hill,, Kellyville, Hornsby, North Shore, Northern Beaches, Eastern Suburbs

Turf Varieties

	Matilda Soft Leaf	Sir Walter Buffalo	Wintergreen Couch	Kikuyu
Water Usage	Good	Good	High	High
Drought Tolerance	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Excellent
Shade Tolerance	Excellent	Good	Poor	Poor
Colour Retention	Good	Good	Good	Good
Wear Tolerance	Excellent	Good	Fair	Good
Fertiliser	Good	Good	Good	Good
Sun Tolerance	Excellent	Good	Good	Excellent
Maintenance	Good	Average	High	High

Turf Specifications



580mm
Wide

1.769mm Long

Turf Roll Dimension

Each turf roll is equivalent to about 1m², measuring 1.7 metres long and 0.60cm wide. The depth, depending on the grass species chosen, ranges from 0.25mm to 0.30-40mm depending on the season. The approximate weight per roll can vary from 10-15kg

- 580mm wide
- 1.769 Long
- 30mm thick [approx]
- 1.00mm per tool

Healthy Benifits

1. Lawns help to purify and cool the air, and an average front lawn offer the same cooling as 2.5 air conditioners.
2. Lawns provide a safe, high quality play area for children and pets.
3. Lawns provide noise abatement and glare reduction.
4. Lawns are an important source of plant oxygen exchange. A 15 x 15m turf area will sustain oxygen requirements for a family of four.

Turf Varieties

Matilda Buffalo



Matilda Soft-Leaf Buffalo has an outstanding summer and winter colour, is soft to the touch, drought tolerance, and wear resistant. This variety is full sun and shade tolerance up to 80%, salt tolerance, and has higher disease resistance. Matilda's texture is so soft to walk that it brings the indoors outdoors, as it's lush, soft surface is an inviting play and entertaining area for both adults and children. Matilda has been extensively tested and is well-suited to Australian conditions; outperforming customer expectation in almost any environment. Matilda also has a very high chemical resistance, making it suitable to place around pools and salty environments. Matilda will not be beaten when it comes to retaining its rich, lush green look all year around. Where the comfort of your child or pet is concerned, Matilda is the best choice, as it is a low allergy lawn, allowing them to play and enjoy outdoors in safety and comfort. When asking if you made a right choice, Matilda ticks all boxes for a low maintenance and manicured looking lawn without effort.

Sir Walter Buffalo



Sir Walter is a hardy lawn that tolerates full sun, up to 75% shade, drought tolerant and wear. Its durability and recovery to damage or excessive wear is good. Sir Walter's tight growth will also help most weeds from growing through and is a moderate to quick growing lawn during the summer months. Its leaf is a broader leaf than Matilda Soft-leaf buffalo and will require more frequent mowing during summer. Sir Walter has an evergreen colour, however heavy frosts may cause discolouring which will recover as the weather warms up. In addition, Sir Walter is resistant to the harm that diseases and pests can do. There is little risk of insects harming your dogs because very few insects have been reported to occur in this turf kind, even with minimum maintenance.

Wintergreen Couch



Winter Green Couch's small leaf is an attractive dense green. It is a full sun tolerant lawn, however it will not tolerate high traffic areas. Winter Green Couch is ideal for commercial work and is less ideal for around home as it is a higher maintenance lawn. Its texture is dense, making it resistant to wear and weeds invasion through the warmer months. Its shade tolerance is very low, yet its drought tolerance is high. Winter Green Couch will need continuous maintenance to maintain a manicured look. It should be mown every 10-12 days approximately 10-15mm, which helps keep its formal appearance and to try to minimize its tendency to "thatch up".

Kikuyu

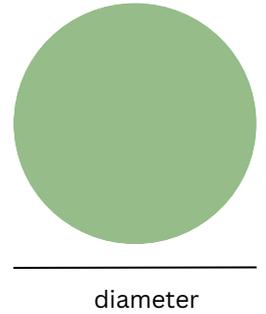
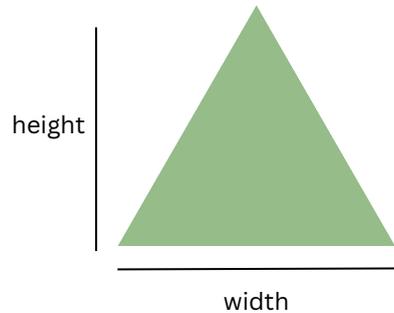
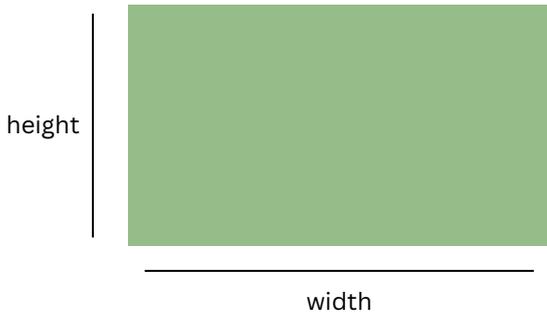


Kikuyu, with a medium broad leaf, is a vigorous growing lawn during the warmer months, and has an evergreen colour all year round. Although Kikuyu is prone to disease in the warmer months, it is a drought tolerant and hard wearing lawn, making it a suitable and ideal lawn in schools, sporting fields and semi-arid areas. Kikuyu will require more frequent mowing than varieties during the warmer months. Poor and sparse growth will occur in shady areas and during winter months. With its vigorous growth it will self-repair by sending out runners to repair worn scalped areas. Kikuyu grass is also highly invasive if surrounding garden beds.

Preparation

Measuring and Ordering

Measure the proposed area in square meters before ordering. If you have a irregular shaped lawn, draw it up as accurately as you can then divide in into any combination of the shapes below. Calculate the area of each shape and then add these amounts together to determine the final area measurement. Book your turf for delivery or pick up from our farms once site preparations complete.



- ✓ To calculate the area of a rectangle, simply find the width and height, and multiply them together. The area of a rectangle = $w \times h$
- ✓ To calculate the area of a triangle, find the width and height, multiply them together and divide by 2. The area of a triangle = $(w \times h)/2$
- ✓ To calculate the area of a circle, find the diameter, divide it by 2, square that and multiply by pi (3.14). The area of a circle = $3.14 \times (d/2)^2$

Site Preparation

- Before you can start preparing the soil on the site of new lawn, first will be necessary to remove any old grass and/or weeds.
- This can be done either by hand or with a non-residual herbicide like Round-up, Glyphosate or Zero weed spray. When used according to directions, these products will kill existing grass and weeds. These herbicides do not kill seeds in the soil that may germinate at a later date.
- Remember to wear suitable protective clothing and take care not to spray near gardens or allow the spray to drift onto them.

Soil Types

- White grey and yellow sands: Water and nutrient capacity is increased, by incorporating 50mm of a suitable blended soil using organic manures, preferable one large bag of pelletized chicken manure to 50sq metres of lawn.
- Rocky Limestone sands: Should be prepared as above and should be no less than 25 cm deep, available from soil companies, which require no further additives.
- Red and Black loam sand: These are usually naturally fertile and require little amendment.
- Gravels and Clay: Can be covered with sandy loam or special lawn Blend to a depth of 50mm to obtain a smooth gradable surface. Add Gypsum to heavy clays to improve friability and drainage.

When to Water...

Water your lawn only when it needs it! The frequency with which you water your lawn is determined by the kind of soil and variety you have as well as the current weather conditions.

Your Lawn should be partially dried between waterings. This enables air into the root system and stimulates deeper root growth, resulting in a more drought-resistant grass.

When you water your lawn, make sure the water penetrates 30ml into the soil. Always make sure the ground is moist.

Winter irrigation is often unnecessary unless the weather is unusually dry. In the warmer months, a thorough deep watering once or twice a week is all your lawn will need.

Time of Day

Water early in the mornings or late afternoons to minimize loss through evaporation.

How Much

Place a container or cup on your lawn before watering. When the water container or cup has filled 10-15mm deep, you lawn has had enough water. This can also be tested using a screwdriver. If the screwdriver comes out with soil on it then you know the soil is watered enough, but if it comes out bone dry then you will need more water.

After watering, test the dampness level of the lawn and only continue to water until the roots are wet. The regular use of a wetting agent will ensure less run off and improve penetration of your water into the soil profile.

Tips On Irrigation

- Regularly maintain your irrigation system to ensure maximum uniform coverage to the area being watered
- Adjust automatic timers of in-ground irrigation systems, seek correct advice on spacing between sprinklers or drip irrigation to prevent overlapping or over spacing.

Seven great Tips For Success

1. Always water within ½ day hour of laying your lawn.
2. Water only when your lawn needs it.
3. Check the four day weather forecast before watering.
4. Water in the early morning or evenings.
5. Water less often and more deeply
6. Maintain your lawn and lawn care equipment.
7. Select a grass that needs less watering.

More Water Wise Tips

- Older lawns with compacted soil will benefit from aeration to promote sub-surface water filtration. It is best to do this in spring through summer with a pitch fork or mechanical aerators.
- Thatch is the organic cushion that builds up above the soil level. Dethatching is required periodically in older lawns to promote deeper root growth and water penetration.
- Soil wetting agents assist water to penetrate thick thatch, highly organic soil or water repellent soil that prevent water from getting the root zone.



Maintenance Mowing

Mow your new lawn between 14-21 days from installation. If installation is an active grow period (if installing in winter this time-frame will not be so frequent and may not require mowing until spring). Thereafter, mow every 7-10 days depending on the variety and growth rate of the lawn.

Never mow more than one third of the leaf (approximately 25mm) at any given mowing. If your lawn has become excessively long, mow at the highest setting, gradually lowering mower height with each subsequent mowing.

The current mowing height will vary depending on the variety of turf you have installed, the time of year and the growth rate. For further advice ask your mowing contractor or our consultants. During warmer months an increase in mowing height is recommended for a healthier lawn. Avoid mowing wet grass and always keep your mower blades sharp.

Fertiliser

We recommend the use of a complete lawn fertilizer, important applications are at the beginning of the spring and mid-late autumn. This will ensure your lawn maintains its lush will determine its performance, look and health. .

Wetting Agents

We recommend the use of a soil wetting agent (granular) to allow water to penetrate the surface; otherwise it will run off and be wasted. Wetting agents also help trap water in the root zone, as if often runs straight through sandy soils. It may be necessary to apply a wetting agent 2-3 times over a 4-6 week period initially to treat very dry soils. Once applied it should be watered in well for best results.

Pests - Weeds and insects

Weeds and insects are the greatest problems facing the home gardener. Most lawn pests are opportunistic and quickly move in and take over areas that become thinned as a result of poor maintenance, wear, drought stress or inadequate growing conditions.

Weeds

Because of their fast germination growth rate and spreading habit, once weeds become established, there is little chance that the lawn will be able to out-compete them without you coming to the rescue and treating the weed accordingly.

Insects

Any new lawn can be more tempting for the army worm to nest into as its texture is lush and soft. Because they are mainly seasonal you can plan and be prepared for the insects specifically prone to your location. To help you find the right remedy to control all your pest problems, including pest identification and the required product to treat the area.



Installation

Installing Your Lush New Lawn

- Begin installing the turf along straight edged pathway or driveway. As you go, walk on the turf side so you do not disrupt the level soil surface.
- If you have part of a roll left over at the end of the row, use a Stanley knife or spade to neatly cut off the remaining turf and use this piece to start the next row. This will give a staggering of the joins similar to paving.
- Make sure all joins are butted tightly together.
- After installing each section water well and roll with heavy rollers (optional) to leave a consolidated and smooth mowing surface
- Always ensure you keep turf moist until established. If you need installation, call use for a free no obligation quote on 1800 799 222



Watering Schedule

- **After your lawn has been laid, it is important that you water lawn within half an hour of the 1st roll being laid.**
- To establish whether it has been watered sufficiently, pull back the corner of the lawn and see if the water has penetrated at least 25mm into the soil. Repeat this watering process for the next 3-5 days. If it is raining, let nature take care of it and only repeat this watering process if needed.
- Watering can be reduced to every 2nd and 3rd day over a 3 week period during the warmer months of the year.
- During the cooler months of the year, watering can be lessened to every 3rd and 4th day over a 2-3 week period (watering requirements will vary during seasonal changes of the year).
- Moisture can be monitored by poking your finger approximately 25mm into the soil to determine whether it is moist or dry. This will help as an indicator as to whether the turf has adequate moisture for its establishment.
- Establishment of your new lawn can take anywhere from 2-6 weeks, depending on the time of year you lay your lawn and variety of lawn chosen.
- During the first six months monitor your lawn as the root system is still shallow – we recommend you water your new lawn no less than weekly. Use a soaker hose or sprinkler for water efficiency and good saturation, ensuring penetration into the soil reaches 25mm deep.

In extreme heat conditions water twice a week.

- Once your lawn is established – in excess of 60 days – revert to our tips in our general watering section.



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We offer a large variety of premium Lawns that cope with all types of soil conditions and your lifestyle Sydney wide.

Email: accounts@aviewturf.com.au

TRADING HOURS

Monday-Friday: 7am-6pm

Saturday: 7am-5pm

Sunday: Closed

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